108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 340

To require the Federal Communications Commission to allocate additional spectrum for unlicensed use by wireless broadband devices, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 27, 2003

Mr. Issa (for himself and Mr. Tom Davis of Virginia) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To require the Federal Communications Commission to allocate additional spectrum for unlicensed use by wireless broadband devices, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Jumpstart Broadband
- 5 Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. ENCOURAGEMENT OF NEW TECHNOLOGIES.
- 7 (a) Unlicensed National Information Infra-
- 8 STRUCTURE DEVICES.—

- 1 (1) Immediate allocation of spectrum.—
 2 Within 18 months after the date of enactment of
 3 this Act, the Commission shall allocate not less than
 4 an additional 255 megahertz of contiguous spectrum
 5 in the 5 gigahertz band for unlicensed use by wire6 less broadband devices while ensuring that Depart7 ment of Defense devices and systems are not com8 promised.
 - (2) Interference protection.—Within 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Telecommunications and Information Administration shall, after consultation with all interested agencies and parties, including the Department of Defense, establish standards for interference protection that is reasonably required to enable incumbent Federal government agency users of spectrum allocated under paragraph (1) to continue to use that spectrum, and advise the Commission of those standards.
 - (3) Device requirements.—Within 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall—
- 23 (A) with respect to spectrum allocation 24 under paragraph (1), adopt minimal technical

1	and device rules to facilitate robust and effi-
2	cient use for wireless broadband devices; and
3	(B) amend its rules to require that all
4	wireless broadband devices manufactured after
5	the effective date of those rules that operate in
6	the spectrum allocated under paragraph (1) —
7	(i) be capable of 2-way digital commu-
8	nications;
9	(ii) meet the interference protection
10	standards established under paragraph (2).
11	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
12	(a) In General.—In this Act:
13	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
14	means the Federal Communications Commission.
15	(2) Broadband service.—The term
16	"broadband service" means high rate digital trans-
17	mission service—
18	(A) via cable modem, digital subscriber
19	line, wireless, satellite, or other telecommuni-
20	cations technology; and
21	(B) capable of reliably transmitting voice,
22	data, and/or video simultaneously between and
23	among digital devices and between these devices
	among digital devices and between these devices

1	transfer rates no slower than those defined
2	from time to time by the Commission.
3	(3) Wireless broadband device.—The term
4	"wireless broadband device" includes—
5	(A) U–NII devices (as defined in section
6	15.403(i) of title 47, Code of Federal Regula-
7	tions); and
8	(B) other devices used to access wireless
9	broadband services.
10	(b) Terms Defined in the Communications Act
11	of 1934.—Except as provided in subsection (a), any term
12	used in this Act that is defined in section 3 of the Commu-
13	nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153) has the meaning
14	given that term in that section

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